

## New Zealand Breeding Sheep & Goats

The vendor must complete ALL sections of this declaration that refer to the consigned livestock before emailing [jim@ausidore.com](mailto:jim@ausidore.com) and/or attaching to the NVD / waybills and handed to truck driver for carriage to the pre-export registered premises.

### FARM(S) OF ORIGIN

Property(s) of Origin	PIC(s)	No. of Head	Sex

### TREATMENT HISTORY

The livestock have received the following treatments / vaccinations within the past 12 months:

Name of Treatment / Vaccination	Date (approx. if not known)	Batch No. (if known)	Expiry (if known)

### Owner Declaration

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (name BLOCK LETTERS), being the owner or authorised management representative of \_\_\_\_\_ (vendor /property name) declare

that, to the best of my knowledge, the animals described above meet the following requirements:-

#### IMPORTING COUNTRY:

1. The sheep/goats have been born in and have lived continuously in Australia, or had been imported into Australia from New Zealand.
2. No animal in the consignment is under 3 months of age at the scheduled date of export.
3. ALL parents and grandparents of the animals to be exported have been conceived (from non-imported semen), born, and lived continuously in Australia.
4. The sheep/goats and the properties from which they have been resident were free from any quarantine restrictions immediately prior to date of export.
5. The properties of origin are free from:
  - a. Evidence of Echinococcus granulosus infections during the last 5 years.
  - b. Laboratory confirmation of Salmonella Dublin infections for the last 3 years.

6. The sheep/goats have been kept in a Bluetongue free zone for at least 60 days prior to export.

#### **AUSTRALIAN STANDARDS FOR EXPORT OF LIVESTOCK(ASEL) - ALL LIVESTOCK BY AIR:**

7. Animals comply with all relevant state/territory health and welfare legislation and national codes of practice regarding animal welfare, on-property management and land transport.
8. Livestock sourced for export must be identified in accordance with state and territory and NLIS requirements; and
  - a. be traceable to the property of source; and
  - b. accompanied by a correctly completed and signed movement records such as NVDs/waybills; and
  - c. individually identified where testing is required during preparation; and
  - d. accompanied by any test results, including all pregnancy testing and spay declarations where applicable. Laboratory test results must be linked to the PIC from where the animal was sampled and the NLIS tag number of the animal where individual identification is required by state or territory legislation.
9. Dehorning and tipping wounds are healed prior to transport.
10. Animals have been inspected and do not show signs of any of the rejection criteria listed in Table 1(see Attached) or any other condition that could cause the animal's health or welfare to decline during export preparation or transport. Livestock that become sick, injured or show signs consistent with the rejection criteria at any stage of export preparation must be removed from the consignment, and arrangements must be made for their prompt and humane handling, care, treatment, euthanasia and/or disposal, in compliance with all relevant and applicable legislation.
11. The land transport of livestock meets the Land Transport Standards, as well as any relevant animal health and welfare and road transport requirements under state and territory legislation and relevant requirements under national animal welfare standards and guidelines, and model codes of practice.
12. The maximum water deprivation time and minimum rest times in the Land Transport Standards must be adhered to for all land transport of livestock.
13. Livestock must be expediently loaded and unloaded at all stages of the export process by a sufficient number of competent stock handlers in a manner that prevents injury, minimises stress and ensures that livestock management and welfare needs are addressed.
14. Medicines, chemicals and equipment must be stored and used according to any applicable veterinary directions and/or manufacturers' recommendations.

#### **ASEL GOATS BY AIR:**

15. Goats must have been weaned at least 14 days prior to sourcing for export.
16. Goats must not be supplied for export unless they have become conditioned to being handled and to eating and drinking from troughs for a minimum of 21 days.
17. Goats must not be supplied for export or exported unless they have a liveweight of more than 14kg.
18. Goats must not be supplied for export or exported unless they have been assessed by a competent stock handler as having a body condition score of 2 or more but less than 4 (on a scale of 1 to 5).
19. Female goats supplied for export as breeder animals must be pregnancy tested using ultrasound foetal measurement by a competent pregnancy tester; and
  - a. be certified in writing by the competent pregnancy tester as either:
    - i. not detectably pregnant; or
    - ii. pregnant and, if pregnant, include the number of days pregnant – which must be no more than 100 days pregnant at the scheduled date of export.
  - b. The certification must include the date of the procedure.
  - c. Certification is valid for 60 days from the date of the procedure.
20. Goats with horns must only be supplied for export or exported if the horns:
  - a. would not cause damage to the head or eyes of the animal or other animals; and
  - b. would not endanger other animals during transport; and
  - c. would not restrict access to feed or water during transport;
  - d. are no longer than:
    - i. 22cm with tips that are no more than 20cm apart; or
    - ii. have tips that are further than 20cm apart, but the horns are no longer than 15cm and are blunt.

## ASEL SHEEP BY AIR

21. Sheep must have been weaned at least 14 days prior to sourcing for export.
22. Sheep must not be sourced for export or exported unless they have a liveweight of more than 20kg.
23. Sheep must not be supplied for export or exported unless they have been assessed by a competent stock handler as having a body condition score of 2 or more but less than 4 (on a scale of 1 to 5).
24. Female sheep supplied for export as breeder animals must be pregnancy tested using ultrasound foetal measurement by a competent pregnancy tester; and
  - a. be certified in writing by the competent pregnancy tester as either:
    - i. not detectably pregnant; or
    - ii. pregnant and, if pregnant, include the number of days pregnant – which must be no more than 100 days pregnant at the scheduled date of export.
  - b. The certification must include the date of the procedure.
  - c. Certification is valid for 60 days from the date of the procedure.
25. Sheep with horns must only be sourced for export or exported if the horns:
  - a. would not cause damage to the head or eyes of the animal or other animals; and
  - b. would not endanger other animals during transport; and
  - c. would not restrict access to feed or water during transport; and
  - d. are no longer than 1 full curl, unless otherwise provided in a long-horned livestock management plan approved in writing by the department.

I authorise the release of information needed for property of origin and health certifications status from the relevant government departments.

Signature (Manager): \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_

Registered PIC Address: \_\_\_\_\_

## VET DECLARATION

I, \_\_\_\_\_ (name BLOCK LETTERS), being the veterinarian for  
\_\_\_\_\_ (vendor / property name) declare that, to the best of my knowledge,

the animals described above meet the following requirements:-

The properties of origin are free from:

- a. Evidence of Echinococcus granulosus infections during the last 5 years.
- b. Laboratory confirmation of Salmonella Dublin infections for the last 3 years.

Signature (Vet): \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_